

WATERPROOFING SIKA SOLUTIONS FOR WATERTIGHT TUNNEL STRUCTURES



BUILDING TRUST



THEN...

In 1882, the first tunnel through the Gotthard was opened, providing a new railway corridor through the Alps. The tunnel was 15 km long and located at an altitude of 1150 m above sea level. More than 100 years ago, Sika's sucess story also began in tunneling on the Gotthard. With the waterproofing for the tunnel electrification in 1918 Sika created the conditions for the success of the railway and also the basis for the company's global success: Kaspar Winkler introduced Sika-1, an additive for post-applied waterproofing mortars onto the existing tunnel lining. To date, Sika-1 is sold with the same formulation and for the same use in over 90 countries worldwide.

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ecast Segments (Tubbings)

WATERPROOFING SOLUTIONS

WATERPROOFING SYSTEMS for tunnel structures are faced with very stringent requirements regarding durability, exposure and stress conditions, demanding construction methods and sequences, ease of application and total cost management. In addition, sustainable system solutions are becoming more important in order to save natural resources such as energy and water, reduction of CO₂, etc.

As the global leader in providing structural waterproofing solutions, Sika has a complete and comprehensive range of solutions and designed systems to meet the specific needs and requirements of owners, architects, engineers and contractors on site, consisting of highly flexible membrane systems, liquid applied polymeric membranes, waterproofing concrete admixtures, joint waterproofing systems, waterproofing mortars and coatings as well as injection grouts.

Today, operators request a service life for underground structures of 100+ years, but a lack of water tightness severely reduces the long-term durability of a tunnel structure and badly affects its planned use, as water ingress results in physical

attack and deterioration of the concrete. Expensive repair works, damage and operational downtime are the results. The selection of the appropriate waterproofing solution, the project specific design of the chosen waterproofing system and its safe application at site are the key elements to minimize the operation costs.

A waterproofing system typically amounts to a fraction of the total constructions costs. The selection of a high quality waterproofing solution may easily save an amount of its initial investment or more on future maintenance and repair costs during the entire service life of the structure.





ROAD TUNNELS Waterproofing of cut-and-cover structures and mined tunnels for roads and express ways.



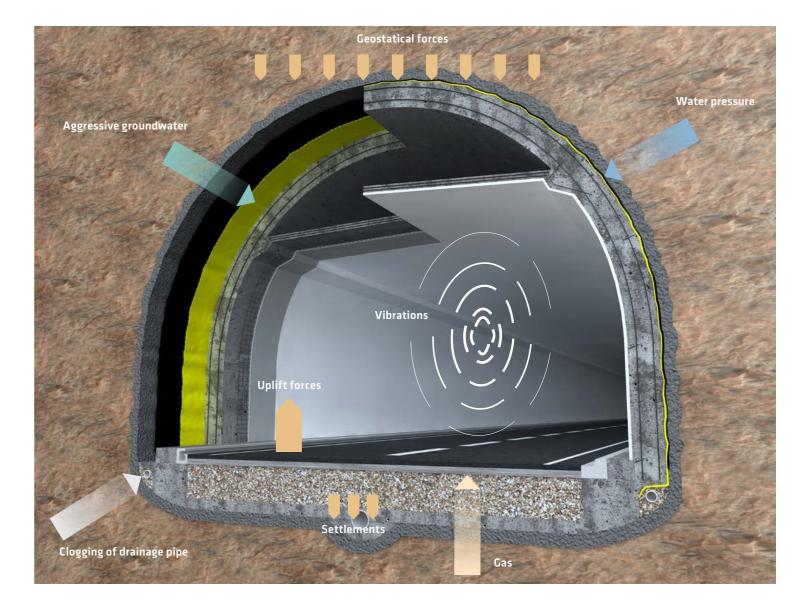


METRO TUNNELS Waterproofing of cut-and-cover structures, mined tunnels and shafts for subways tubes and metro stations.



PRESSURE GALLERIES Waterproofing of high-pressure galleries, surge chambers and caverns to resist against hydraulic pressure.

TUNNEL STRUCTURES -EXPOSURE AND STRESS



EXPOSURE IMPACT ON BELOW GROUND STRUCTURES

The following types of exposure may adversely influence the use, watertightness and durability of a tunnel structure, resulting in a reduced service life of the entire structure.

Exposure		Impact on structure
Water ingress	\rightarrow	Damage to structure, wiring and elec
Aggressive chemicals	\rightarrow	Concrete damage (due to sulphate a
Unequal static forces	\rightarrow	Structural cracking
Dynamic forces	\rightarrow	Structural cracking
Temperature variations	\rightarrow	Condensation, scaling or cracking of
Gas penetration	\rightarrow	Gas penetration and exposure for us
Fungal/bacterial attack	\rightarrow	Damage to the waterproofing syster

ectrical installations. Corrosion of steel reinforcement. attack), corrosion of steel reinforcement (due to chloride attack)

f concrete

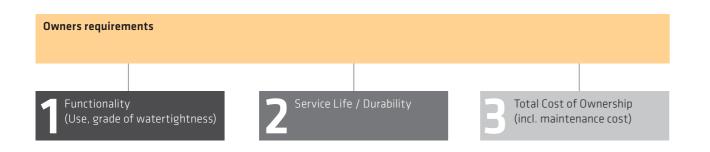
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m, finishes or contents

OWNER'S PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

TO DEFINE THE APPROPRIATE WATERPROOFING STRATEGY AND TYPE OF SYSTEM for a

specific project, it is important to consider not only the ground conditions but also the project requirements of the owner: Functionality and future use, the service life and the total cost of ownership.



FUNCTIONALITY (USE, GRADE OF WATERTIGHTNESS)

The future use defines the degree of watertightness and protection of a structure. The German tunnel standard Ril 853 describes different levels of watertighness which can be combined with additional protection requirements.

Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4
Completely dry	Dry to slightly moist	Moist	Moist to wet
No moist parts on the dry part of the tunnel surface permitted	Single failing parts permitted. No dropping water on the dry part of the tunnel surface per- mitted	Partly limited moisty parts and single dropping parts on the dry part of the tunnel surface permitted	Moisty parts and dropping parts permitted
 Clean air rooms Dry rooms Energy supply rooms Metro stations (presence of people) 	 Road tunnels highway Road tunnels in frosty zones High speed train tunnels Parking areas 	 Regional railways Metro lines Escape tunnels 	Sewage tunnels
	Water infiltration in I/sqm within 24 h acc. STUVA report		
0	0-0.1	0.1-0.5	0.5 - 1.0

SERVICE LIFE / DURABILITY

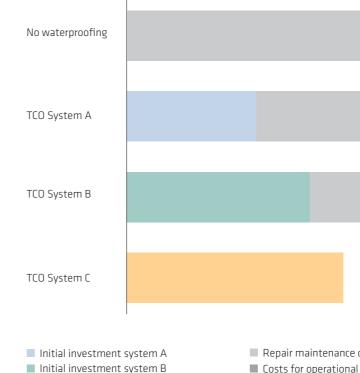
100+ years durability are common requirements nowadays for tuni and standards used internationally describe material and system p years:

 Austria ÖBV Guideline 'Richtline Tunnelabdichtung'

The requirements defined in those standards are not limited to initial physical properties, but include stringent long-term tests as well, such as exposure to hot water and specific chemicals, to simulate the ageing process of the waterproofing products.

3 TOTAL COST OF OWNERSHIP

The total cost of ownership (TCO) for the owner and investor includes all of the building costs for the entire service life of the structure, including the initial investment, the cost of any repair and maintenance, plus the cost of any downtime during any such works. The graphic below illustrates the total cost of ownership for a specific project (e.g. tunnelling structure) with a required service life of 100+ years.



Initial investment system C

Repair maintenance cost Costs for operational downtime

nels and underground structures. The following guidelines
properties to be considered to achieve a service life of 100+

■ Germany ZTV-ING, Ril 853 Switzerland SIA 272

EXCAVATION METHODS

MINED TUNNELS include all structures excavated underground by conventional methods or tunnel boring machines. Depending on the excavation method and the required watertightness, single or double linings are chosen. In case of single-shell tunnels, the primary lining is the waterproofing barrier in itself. In case of double-shell constructions, the waterproofing layer is provided between the first and the secondary lining.

CONVENTIONAL EXCAVATION



BY DRILL AND BLAST

Description:

By default, mined tunnels limit the selection of the waterproofing system to pre-installed membrane systems or integral waterproofing only. Externally or post-applied bonded waterproofing systems can not therefore be used.

Waterproofing systems:

- Integral waterproofing systems:
- Sika White Box / Watertight Concrete System

Pre-installed waterproofing systems:

 Loose-laid prefabricated membrane systems, drained and pressurized



MECHANISED EXCAVATION



BY TBM

Description:

Single-shell tunnels with pre-fabricated segments or double linings are common. The type of TBM (shield or hard rock) defines the waterproofing system.

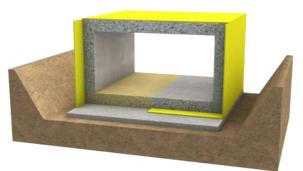
Waterproofing systems:

- Integral waterproofing systems:
- Sika White Box / Watertight Concrete System
- Pre-installed waterproofing systems:
- Loose-laid prefabricated membrane systems, as drainage or barrier system (double shell)



CUT-AND-COVER STRUCTURES describe buildings constructed in an open pit and then covered by soil again. The type of temporary pit support and excavation method defines the possible water-proofing systems to be used.

OPEN CUT EXCAVATION



WITH SLOPING SIDES

Description:

This basic excavation method using sloping sides allows an easy bottom-up construction method and has no impact on the selection or installation of the waterproofing system.

Waterproofing systems:

- Integral waterproofing systems:
- Sika White Box / Watertight Concrete System

Externally applied waterproofing systems:

- Loose laid compartmentalized membrane systems
- Pre- and post-applied fully bonded sheet membranes
- Liquid applied membranes
- Waterproofing mortars and coatings (in combination with drainage systems)



CONSTRUCTION WITH PILED / DIAPHRAGM WALLS



CONSTRUCTION INSIDE PILED WALLS

Description:

The structure is normally built directly against the temporary pit support. Post- applied waterproofing systems can therefore not be used for these structures (except for podium and roof sections).

Waterproofing systems:

Integral waterproofing systems: Sika White Box / Watertight Concrete System

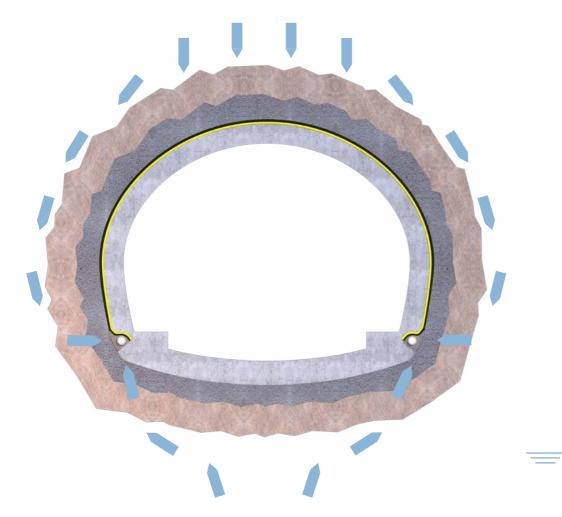
Externally applied waterproofing systems (base slab):

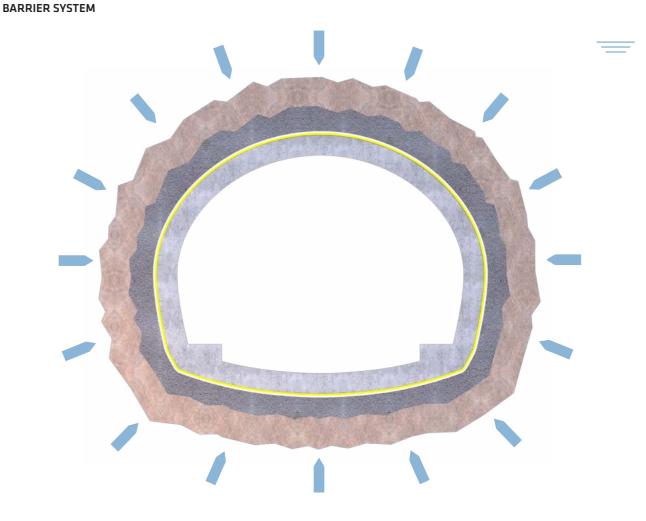
- Loose laid compartmentalized membrane systems
- Pre-applied fully bonded sheet membranes

GENERAL WATERPROOFING CONCEPTS

THERE ARE TWO BASIC WATERPROOFING CONCEPTS for the sealing of underground structures. Different factors such as location, groundwater conditions, overburden etc define the appropriate approach, which has to be selected by the designer prior to any definition of the construction layout and the waterproofing materials and systems.

DRAINAGE SYSTEM





Description:

Permanent drainage of water keeps the ground water table below the raft. The concrete structure is not under water pressure.

The waterproofing lining protects the concrete in the arch and conveys water to the drainage pipes. The drainage pipes are the main element and must be checked and maintained regularly to avoid blocking (sintering) of the drainage system.

Pros & Cons:

- Reduction of concrete thickness possible
- Less waterproofing lining cost
- Allows tunneling under extreme conditions
- Higher maintenance cost (cleaning of drainage pipes)
- Traffic interruption during maintenance work
 Cround settlements above the tunnel area possible d
- Ground settlements above the tunnel area possible due to drainage

Description:

The entire tunnel is under full water pressure which must be considered in the structural design. The waterproofing lining protects the complete concrete

structure against water ingress and chemical attacks. Depending on the waterproofing technology, an in-built control and injection system can be established in order to have a redundant system.

Pros & Cons:

- No influence of water table after construction, no negative impact on environment.
- Strongly reduced risk for ground settlements
- Higher level of waterproofing system
- \blacksquare Allows easy control and repair of waterproofing function
- No maintenance cost
- Higher cost (concrete structure and waterproofing lining)

WATERPROOFING TECHNOLOGIES

SIKA PROVIDES A WIDE RANGE of different waterproofing systems and solutions. The selection of the best system for a specific project depends on many factors, incl. the local ground conditions. Waterproofing is closely connected with the structural design and construction of tunnels, therefore it is important for the designer to integrate the selected waterproofing system into the structural design at an early stage.

Due to the high cost but more in view of uninterrupted availability to traffic, tunnels are expected to have long service life expectations of 100 years and more without significant renovation work. All of the components in the multilayer tunnel construction must fulfill these expectations. Among these components the waterproofing layer is an important element. Leakages could reduce the tunnel service life, cause damage to electrical installations or lead to dangerous situations for the road traffic. The waterproofing layer is in the middle of the tunnel construction, therefore access to this layer for repair or replacement purposes is not feasible in most cases.

Each technology of waterproofing system has a specific durability, degree of security, of watertightness and reliability. For some technologies – such as synthetic sheet membranes – specific test methods for > 100 y durability are described in leading standards (ÖBV). For other technologies no standards exist (e.g. bitumen membrane) or tests are not applicable (e.g. watertight concrete and waterproofing mortars). A differentiation of the following technologies are shown on page 14/15.

1. SYNTHETIC SHEET MEMBRANE SYSTEMS



For nearly half a century polymeric membranes based on PVC have been used for the waterproofing of tunnels. The service life of the membranes is determined by the most comprehensive and standardized material testings, including accelerated aging procedures, therefore, they provide the highest security regarding durability.

2. LIQUID APPLIED, REACTIVE MEMBRANES (PUR/PUA)



These materials provide the highest chemical resistance. Regarding durability, no comprehensive tests and regulations are available so far.

3. FULLY BONDED SHEET MEMBRANES



The latest evolution of polymeric sheet membranes are advanced systems with a full bond to the structural concrete. The base material fulfills the highest durability tests, which have been used for loose-laid polymeric sheet waterproofing membranes, nevertheless, the bond itself and the overlaps are neither stan-dardized nor investigated extensively regarding durability.

5. WATERPROOFING MORTARS



Manually or spray applied mortars provide a reasonable durability in fresh water. With increasing sulfate and magnesium contents, the durability is reduced drastically.

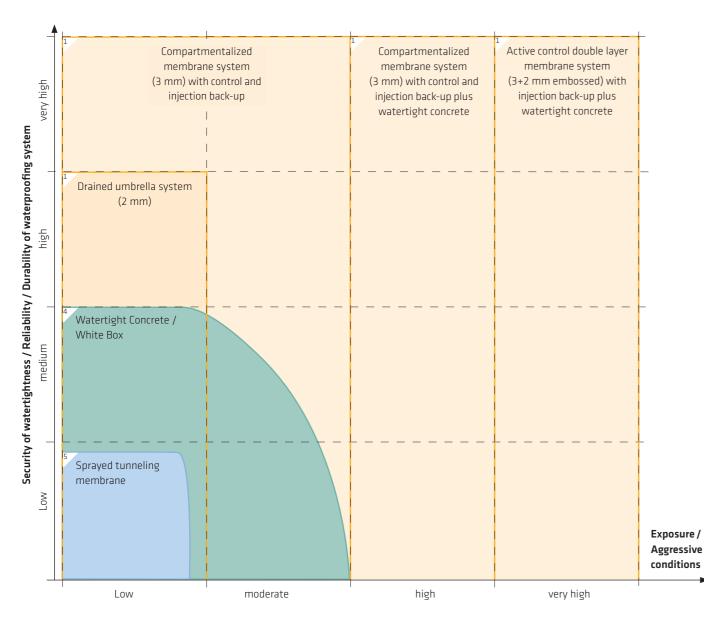
4. SIKA WHITE BOX CONCEPT/WATERTIGHT CONCRETE

6. BITUMINOUS MEMBRANES

Bituminous membranes are one of the oldest waterproofing technologies, with limited durability even in non-aggressive ground-water conditions.

TECHNOLOGY SELECTION

MINED TUNNELS



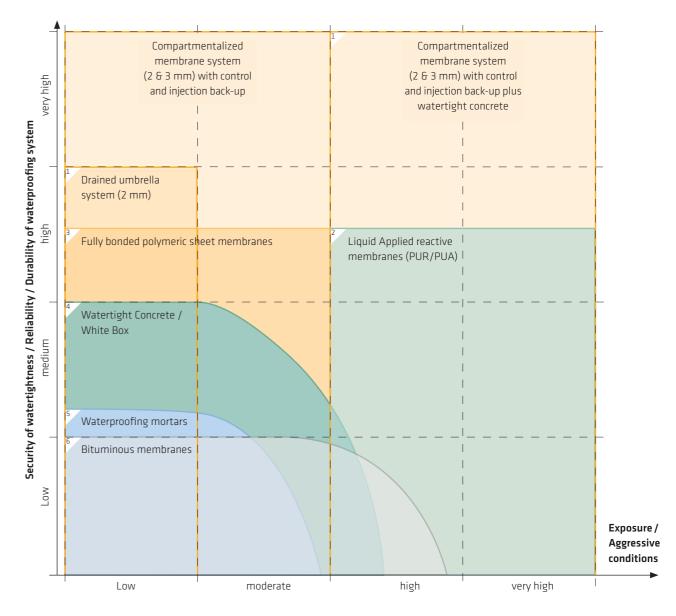
Durability / Reliability

- Very high: High redundancy system / water completely under control / proven high durability.
- High: Redundant system / low risk for water ingress / high durability.
- Medium: No redundant system / limited risk for water ingress Low: No redundant system / encreased risk for water ingress / limited durability

Exposure / Aggressive conditions

- Very high: Water pressure > 60 m / high temperature > 35°C / very aggressive water.
- High: Water pressure 30 60 m / aggressive water, cracks > 0.2 mm.
- Moderate: Water pressure 5 30 m / cracks < 0.2 mm / no aggressive water.
- Low: Water pressure < 5 m / no cracks / no aggressive water.

CUT- AND- COVER STRUCTURES



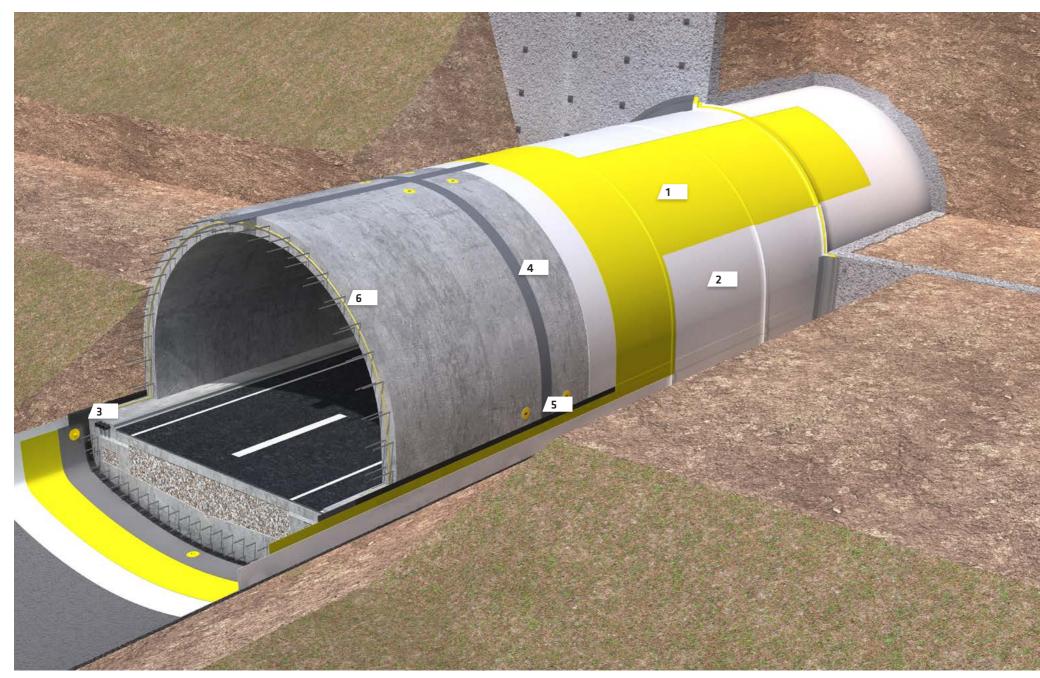
Durability / Reliability

Very high:	High redundancy system / water completely under
	control / proven high durability.
High:	Redundant system / low risk for water ingress / high
	durability.
Medium:	No redundant system / limited risk for water ingress
Low:	No redundant system / encreased risk for water
	ingress / limited durability

Exposure / Aggressive conditions

Very high:	Water pressure > 30 m / high temperature > 35°C /
	very aggressive water.
High:	Water pressure 15 – 30 m / aggressive water,
	cracks > 0.2 mm.
Moderate:	Water pressure 5 – 15 m / cracks < 0.2 mm /
	no aggressive water.
Low:	Water pressure < 5 m / no cracks / no aggressive water.

COMPARTMENTALIZED MEMBRANE SYSTEMS WITH INTEGRATED CONTROL AND INJECTION BACK-UP



HIGH PERFORMANCE, CRACK-BRIDGING, WITH IN-BUILT REDUNDANCY FOR FUTURE REPAIR WORKS

Highly flexible state-of-the-art waterproofing systems using Sikaplan® PVC-based or FPO-based sheet waterproofing membranes are installed in mined tunnel structures or post applied on cut- and- cover tunnel structures to ensure completly dry tunnels and to fully protect the concrete lining against drained or pressurized water.

USE

- As waterproofing solutions to ensure completly dry conditions
- For high demands and harsh ground conditions
- For structures in aggressive groundwater like coastal areas
- For tunnels, portals, metro stations, cross passages etc.

SIKA PRODUCTS AND SYSTEM SOLUTIONS

Sikaplan® WP 1100 and 2100 series

Sikaplan® WT 1200 series

Sikaplan® WT 2200 series

Accessories

Sika® Waterbar WP/W

Sika[®] Waterbar WP/W **Control Socket**

Sikaplan® WP/WT Tape Sika Dilatec E/ER Tapes Sikaplan[®] W Tundrain Sika® Drain



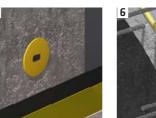
Sikaplan® WP/WT

Sikaplan® W Felt or Sikaplan[®] W Tundrain or Sika® Drain



Sika[®] Waterbar WP/WT

Sika Dilatec E Tape or Sikaplan[®] WP Tape or Sikaplan® WT Tape



Sikaplan® WP/WT SikaFuko® **Control and Injection** Socket

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MAIN ADVANTAGES Watertightness is con-

- trolled and secured at any time during service.
- All membranes and system components fulfil leading tunneling standards to achieve a service life of 100+ years

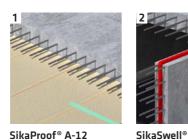
TYPICAL PROJECTS

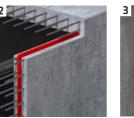
- Road tunnels
- Railway tunnels
- Metro tunnels
- Cross passages
- Shafts
- Pressure water galleries

	Homogeneous and plastisiced PVC sheet waterproofing mem- branes, for waterproofing of tunnels and cut-and-cover struc- tures, membrane overlaps sealed by heat welding.
	Fleece stabilized FPO sheet waterproofing membranes, for waterproofing of cut-and cover tunnels, membrane overlaps sealed by heat welding.
	Homogeneous FPO sheet waterproofing membranes, for wa- terproofing of mined tunnels, membrane overlaps sealed by heat welding.
т	External waterstops, heat welded on installed Sikaplan [®] sheet waterproofing membrane to form a compartment network for pressurized systems.
т	Preformed flange welded on installed Sikaplan sheet water- proofing membrane as control and injection ports, connected with flexible pipes for leak detection access and injection.
es	Adhesive sealing tapes based on PVC or FPO, bonded with Sikadur®-31 CF adhesive for terminations and sealing of joints.
	Drainage and protection boards for mined tunnels and open cut structures.

REACTIVE LIQUID APPLIED WATERPROOFING MEMBRANES













Sika® Drain

Sikalastic®-851 or Sikalastic®-8800

water in the event of local damage.

USE

- As post-applied waterproofing of retaining walls and roof sections to ensure dry conditions
- For high demands and harsh groundwater conditions

Sikalastic®-851

Sikalastic®-8800

Sikafloor®-156 and -161 Sika[®] Concrete Primer

Complementary products for joint sealing SikaSwell®

SikaFuko®

Sika® Drain

Raft waterproofing

Option 1

SikaProof® A-12

Option 2

Sikaplan® WP/WT

FAST SETTING AND CRACK-BRIDGING

Reactive liquid applied membranes (LAM) are highly elastic and flexible polymeric systems based on polyurea or hybrids, with excellent technical properties for high performance applications. These materials are spray applied onto prepared / primed external concrete surfaces to provide excellent solutions particularly for complicated geometries. Liquid applied membranes will also prevent underflow of any lateral

MAIN ADVANTAGES

- Fully-bonded solution
 - Crack bridging
 - Fast reacting
 - High chemical and abrasion resistance
 - Easy application at complex details

TYPICAL PROIECTS

Cut- and cover tunnels for roads and railways Metro station boxes

SIKA PRODUCTS AND SYSTEM SOLUTIONS

	Highly flexible, fast curing, two-component resin based on polyurea / polyurethane, spray-applied onto structural concrete for waterproofing of retaining walls and roof sections.
	Highly flexible, fast curing, two-component resin based on pure polyurea, spray-applied onto structural concrete for waterproof- ing of retaining walls and roof sections.
1	Epoxy primer

Two component fast reacting hybrid primer

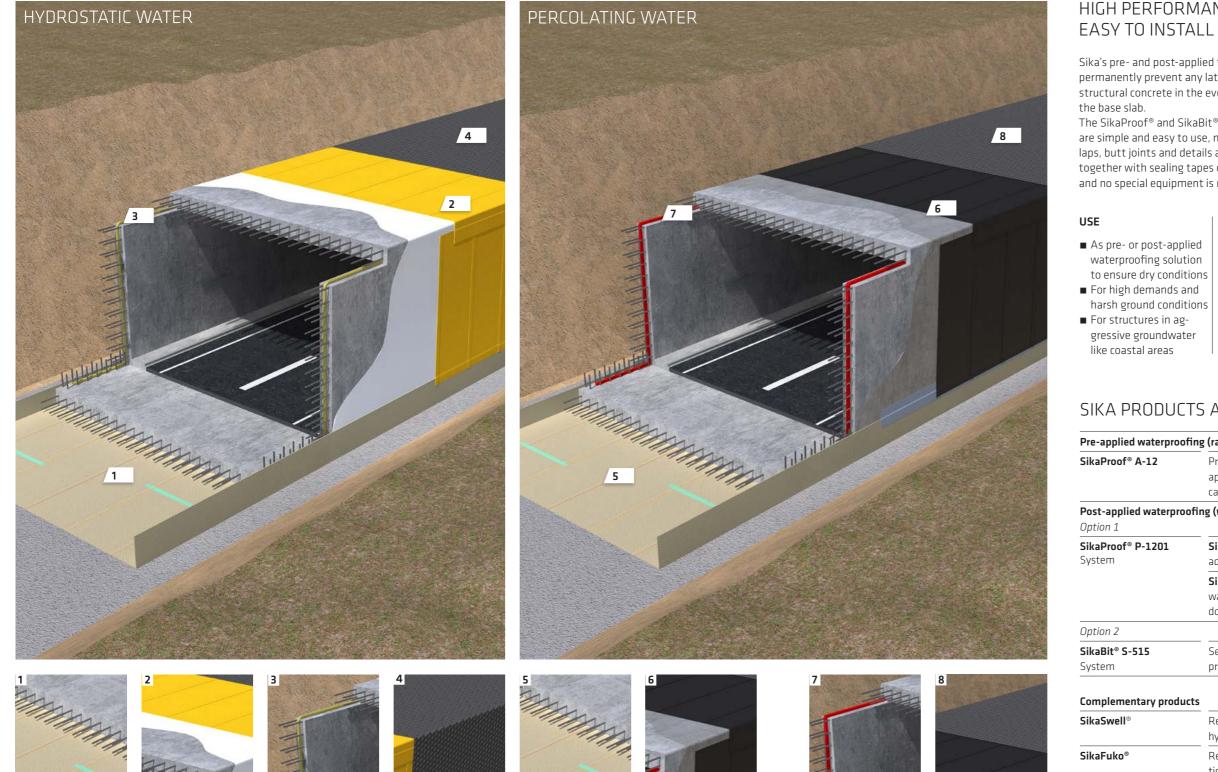
Ready to use gaskets for various purposes of concrete joint sealing, with hydrophilic properties.
Re-injectable injection hose for the waterproofing of construction joints.
Drainage and protection board

Please note that it is not recommended to apply a liquid membrane onto blinding concrete, therefore, a prefabricated membrane system is to be selected under the structural slab:

Fully bonded membrane system, see page 20

Compartmentalized membrane system, see page 16

FULLY BONDED SHEET WATERPROOFING SYSTEMS



SikaProof® A

SikaFuko® SikaProof® P-1201

Sika® Drain

SikaProof[®] A-12

SikaBit[®] S-515

SikaSwell®

Sika® Drain

the base slab.

The SikaProof[®] and SikaBit[®] fully bonded sheet waterproofing membrane systems are simple and easy to use, making them fast and secure to install on site. The overlaps, butt joints and details are all connected and sealed very simply by bonding them together with sealing tapes or self-adhered overlaps. There are no welding procedures and no special equipment is required on site.

- As pre- or post-applied waterproofing solution to ensure dry conditions
- For high demands and harsh ground conditions
- For structures in aggressive groundwater like coastal areas

SIKA PRODUCTS AND SYSTEM SOLUTIONS

Pre-applied waterproofing (raft and walls) SikaProof® A-12

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Post-applied waterproofing (walls and top)
SikaProof® P-1201
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SikaBit® S-515

Complementary products

Sika® Drain

WATERPROOFING 20 WATERTIGHT TUNNEL STRUCTURES

HIGH PERFORMANCE, CRACK-BRIDGING, FAST AND

Sika's pre- and post-applied fully bonded sheet waterproofing membrane systems can permanently prevent any lateral water underflow between the waterproofing and the structural concrete in the event of local damage, even when this has occurred below

MAIN ADVANTAGES

- Cost effective solution (Material + Application)
- High durability
- No lateral water underflow
- High flexibility and crackbridging ability
- Approved detailings

TYPICAL PROJECTS

- Metro stations
- Cut-and-cover tunnels

Pre-applied FPO sheet waterproofing membrane system for application below base slabs, plus on single faced formwork cast walls.

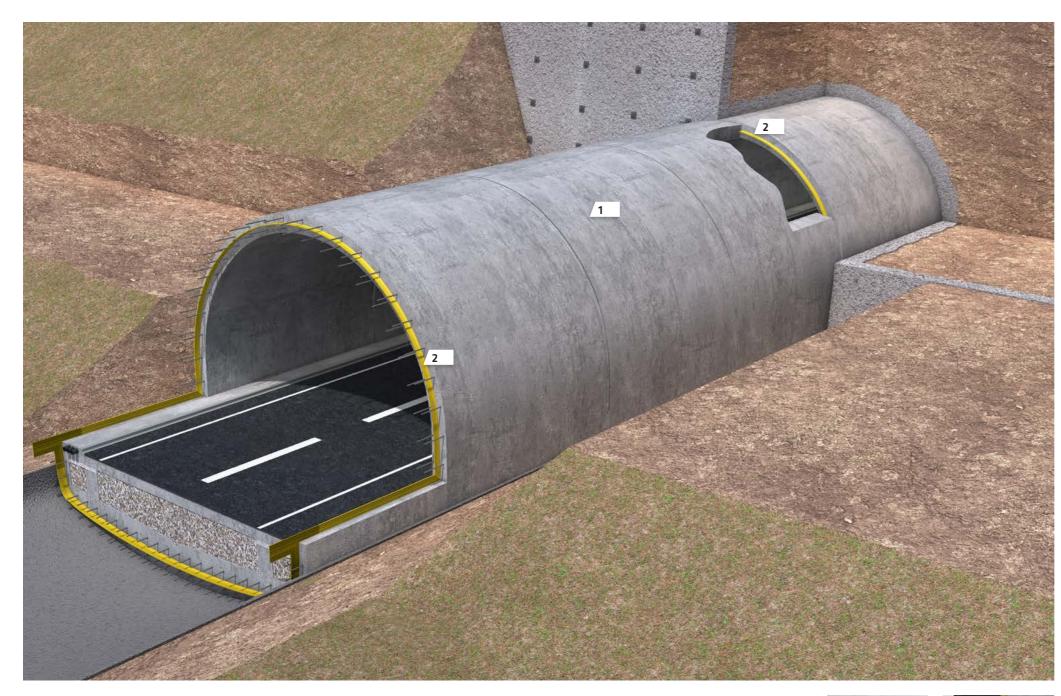
SikaProof® Adhesive: High performance two-component PU adhesive for the bonding of SikaProof[®] P-1200 membrane.

SikaProof[®] P-1200: Post-applied in-situ adhered FPO sheet waterproofing membrane, specially designed for roof slabs and double-faced formwork cast walls.

Self-adhesive prefabricated bituminous membrane (including primer) against percolating water.

Ready to use gasket for various purposes of joint sealing, with hydrophilic properties.
Re-injectable injection hose for the waterproofing of construc- tion joints.
Drainage and protection boards

WATERTIGHT CONCRETE, WHITE BOX SYSTEM



INTEGRAL WATERPROOFING SYSTEM

The Sika® White Box Concept involves optimum structural design and reinforcement together with an integral waterproofing solution, It consists of a waterproof concrete, combined with appropriate joint sealing systems for all construction and movement joints. The production of watertight concrete uses admixtures including superplasticisers and pore-blocking or active crystallization agents, to ensure optimum consistency, flow and easy compaction in a dense matrix with minimal voids. In addition, Sika can offer a wide range of joint sealing products such as PVC waterstops, hydrophilic gaskets and sealants, as well as injection hoses and adhesive tapes.

USE

- As a waterproofing solution to ensure dry conditions
- For high demands in soft groundwater conditions

SIKA PRODUCTS AND SYSTEM SOLUTIONS

Sika® Viscocrete®

Sika® WT 100 Sika® WT 200 Sika® Waterbar

Sikadur-Combiflex®

SikaFuko®

SikaSwell®

Sika® Drain



Sika® ViscoCrete® Sika® WT 100/WT 200 Sika® Waterbar



MAIN ADVANTAGES

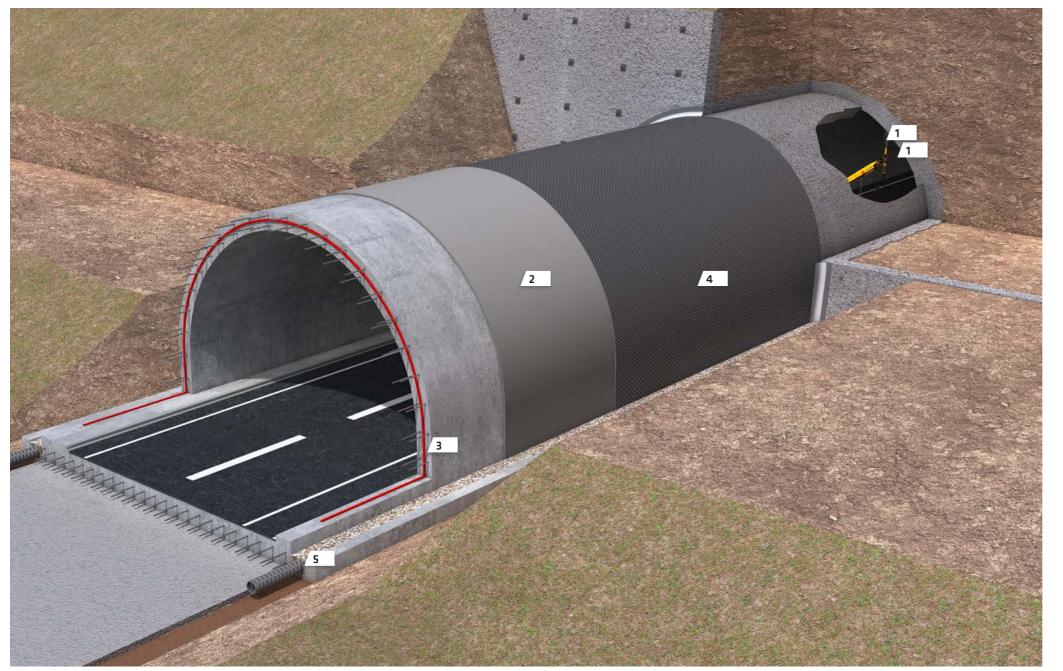
- Cost effective solution concerning material and construction works
 Reduced working procedwce an attachment
- dures on site

TYPICAL PROJECTS

- Road tunnels
- Railway tunnels
- Metro tunnels
- Service tunnels

High Range Water Reducing admixtures for reducing pore vol- umes and improving rheology for self compacting concrete.
Pore-blocking and active crystalline admixtures to block pores against water penetration.
Cast in place external and internal waterstops based on PVC or rubber, cast into concrete for the waterproofing of joints.
Adhesive sealing tape based on FPO, bonded with Sikadur®-31 CF adhesive for post applied joint sealing system.
Re-injectable injection hose for the waterproofing of construc- tion joints.
Ready to use gaskets for various purposes of joint sealing, with hydroswelling properties.
Drainage boards

WATERPROOFING MORTARS AND SPRAYED TUNNELING MEMBRANES



FAST TO APPLY

Sika[®] waterproofing mortars and cement based membranes in mined tunnels and cut-and-cover structures with good technical properties to seal against damp soil, seepage and percolating water. These materals are applied on prepared external concrete or shotcrete surfaces by manual application or by spraying. These waterproofing mortars are used in combination with joint sealing products.

USE

■ As pre- or post-applied waterproofing of structures with low requirements regarding watertightness and reliability

SIKA PRODUCTS AND SYSTEM SOLUTIONS

Sikalastic®-1K

SikaTop® Seal-107

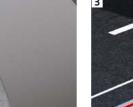
SikaCem®-711 Elastic

Complementary product Sika® FlexoDrain

Sika® Shot-3

Sikadur-Combiflex®

SikaSwell® Hydrophilic profiles Sika® Drain





Sika® Drain



Lateral Drainage

SikaCem[®]-711 Elastic

Sikalastic[®] 1K or SikaTop[®] Seal-107

SikaSwell®

MAIN ADVANTAGES

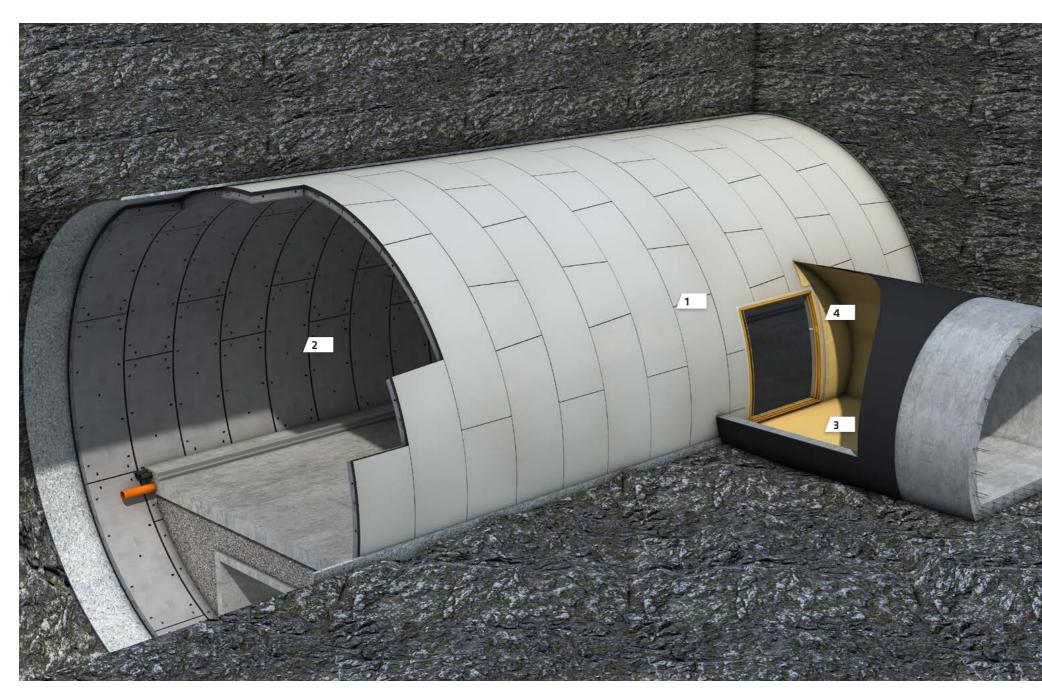
 Easy application Can be combined with Sika joint sealing systems

TYPICAL PROJECTS

 Escape tunnels with a maximum water pressure of 5 m

	One component, polymer modified cementitious waterproof- ing mortar with medium flexibility for application on concrete surface of cut-and-cover structures.
	Two component, polymer modified cementitious waterproof- ing mortar with slight flexibility for application on concrete surface of cut-and-cover structures.
	Spray applied cementitous, polymer modified, flexible water- proofing gunite, delivered in powder bags, to be applied by Shotcrete robot (Aliva 237) onto shotcrete linings underground.
cts	
	Channels for the free flowing drainage of groundwater pen- etrating through the shotcrete lining.
	Highly accelerated ready-to-use gunite for the overspraying of damp and wet areas of shotcrete linings, or as surface preparation for liquid membranes.
	Adhesive sealing tape based on FPO, bonded with Sikadur®-31 CF adhesive for post applied joint sealing of construction and expansion joints.
	Ready to use gaskets for various purposes of joint sealing, with hydrophilic properties.
	Drainage and protection boards for cut-and-cover structures

WATERPROOFING SOLUTIONS FOR SINGLE SHELL TUNNELS WITH PRECAST SEGMENTS



INTEGRAL, RIGID AND COST EFFICIENT SYSTEM

oxy coating and curing compound.

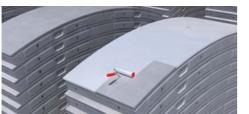
USE

 Waterproofing and concrete protection for single linings made of tubbings (precast segments)

SIKA PRODUCTS AND SYSTEM SOLUTIONS

Sika® ViscoCrete® Admixure Sikagard[®] 65 WN

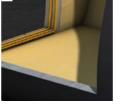
Sikaplan® WP/ WT Sheet membranes Sikaplan[®] WT Tapes Sikaplan[®] WP Tapes



Sikagard[®] 65 WN application

Sikagard® 65 WN





Cross passages: Sikaplan® WT/WP Sheet membranes



Cross passages: Sikaplan[®] WT/WP Tape Prefabricated tunnel segments (tubbings) for use in shield TBM-tunnels. The system consists of a waterproof concrete segment combined with EPDM gaskets for the segmental joint sealing. The production of watertight concrete uses admixtures including superplasticisers in order to ensure optimum consistence, flow and easy compaction in a dense matrix with minimal voids, plus slump retention. The quality and durability of the segments are further improved by the use of a protective ep-

MAIN ADVANTAGE

- Cost effective solution concerning material and construction works
- Reduced working procedures on site

TYPICAL PROJECTS

- Road tunnels
- Railway tunnels
- Metro tunnels
- Service tunnels

 High Range Water Reducing admixtures for reducing pore volumes and improving rheology for self compacting concrete.
Curing agent and protective epoxy coating to be applied onto the fresh (green) concrete on the outside of the segments.
Improves the concrete quality and increases the durability of
single shell constructions permanently exposed to groundwater.

Additional solutions for all cross passages

Waterproofing membranes for the sealing of all cross-
passages.
Adhesive sealing tapes based on PVC or FPO, bonded with
Sikadur $^{\odot}\mbox{-}31\mbox{ CF}$ adhesive for a watertight termination of cross
passages at segmental linings.

SYSTEM SELECTION GUIDE FOR MINED TUNNELS

DRAINED SYSTEMS

UMBRELLA SHEET MEMBRANE SYSTEM

CHANNELED SYSTEM



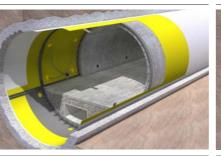


Sika solution	Sikaplan®	FlexoDrain [®] / SikaCem [®]	
Excavation method	– Conventional excavation – Hard Rock TBM – Shield TBM	– Conventional excavation (Drill and blast etc) – Hard Rock TBM	
Lining(s)	Double-shell tunnel: Single-shell tunnel with shotcrete or or segments - Primary lining: Shotcrete or segments double shotcrete lining with liquid - Secondary lining: Concrete or shotcrete applied membrane in between		
Waterproofing technology	Drainage layer plus loose-laid synthetic mem- brane (umbrella) made of PVC or FPO Catching spot-wise ingress of water. Optional sprayed waterproofing membr on top		
Degree of water tightness	Class 1 (Completely dry)	Class 4 (Moist to wet)	
Concrete protection	High None or limited to secondar		
Durability/Reliability	High Low		
Performance characteristic	Crack-bridging: +++ Water vapour tightness: n.a. Chemical resistance: ++ Gas barrier: n.a.	Crack-bridging: + Water vapour tightness: + Chemical resistance: + Gas barrier: n.a.	
Repair in the event of leaks	- Local injection	– Crack injection – Soil injection	
Conditions of application	Defined evenness of shotcrete lining	No special requirements for FlexoDrain. Very high requirements on substrate prepara- tion required before membrane spraying: water- proofing through soil injection for dry substrate. Ventilation and humidity control on site	
Advantages	Cost effective solution, full proof arch, drainage reduces criticality of application	Simple to install	
Typical application fields			

BARRIER SYSTEMS

HYDROSTATIC MEMBRANE BARRIER





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Sikaplan®	Sika® White Box	Sikagard® - Shield TBM	
- Conventional excavation - Hard Rock TBM - Shield TBM	– Conventional excavation (Drill and blast etc) – Hard Rock TBM		
Double-shell tunnel: – Primary lining: Shotcrete or segments – Secondary lining: Concrete	Double-shell tunnel: Primary lining: Shotcrete Secondary lining: Concrete	Single-shell tunnel: Primary lining: Tubbing segments	
Loose laid membrane system made of PVC or FPO with compartments and integrated injec- tion back-up. Membrane application in one or two layers	Sika White Box system: Watertight concrete plus joint sealing and structural design	Watertight precast segments, joint sealing by EPDM gaskets	
Class 1 (Completely dry)	Class 2 (Dry to sligthly moist)	Class 2 (Dry to sligthly moist)	
High	Limited, depending on concrete quality	Low to high depending on concrete quality and protective coating on segments	
High	Medium	Medium – high	
Crack-bridging: +++ Water vapour tightness: +++ Chemical resistance: +++ Gas barrier: +++	Crack-bridging: n.a. Water vapour tightness: + Chemical resistance: + Gas barrier: +	Crack-bridging: n.a. Water vapour tightness: n.a. Chemical resistance: ++ Gas barrier: +	
 Injection of leaking compartments through injection ports inside of structure 	– Crack injection – Joint injection	– Crack injection – Joint injection	
Defined evenness of shotcrete lining	Controlled concreting on site required: casting, compaction, curing Crack widths limited to 0.2 mm max.	Segments production under controlled factory conditions, high-end mix design	
High waterproofing security, in-built redundancy by compartment injection	Integrated waterproofing, limited waterproofing works at all joints	In-built waterproofing through industrialized process at segments factory	
Road and railway tunnels in urban areas with no permission to change the groundwater condi- tions	Metro tunnels, road tunnels and railway tunnels with limited water pressure	Metro tunnels, railway tunnels, road tunnels	



SEGMENTAL LINING



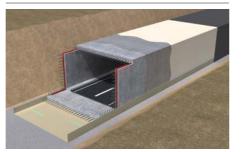
SYSTEM SELECTION GUIDE FOR CUT-AND- COVER STRUCTURES

FLEXIBLE SYSTEMS

COMPARTMENTALIZED SHEET MEMBRANE SYSTEM

SPRAYED MEMBRANES



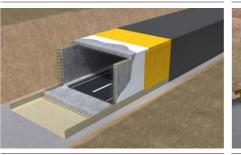


Sika solution	Sikaplan®	Sikalastic® Post-applied onto structural concrete	
Time of application	Pre-applied onto blinding concrete or temporary pit support Post-applied onto structural concrete		
Groundwater conditions	Percolating water or hydrostatic groundwater	Percolating water or hydrostatic groundwater	
Waterproofing technology	Loose laid membrane system based on PVC or FPO, with compartments and integrated injec- tion back-up. Membrane application in one or two layers.	Reactive 2K sprayed membranes based on Polyurethane and Polyurea	
Degree of watertightness	Completely dry	Dry to slightly moist	
Concrete protection	Very high	High	
Durability/Reliability	Very high	High	
Performance characteristic	Crack-bridging: +++ Water vapour tightness: +++ Chemical resistance: +++ Gas barrier: +++	Crack-bridging: +++ Water vapour tightness: ++ Chemical resistance: +++ Gas barrier: ++	
Repair in the event of leaks	 Injection of leaking compartments through injection ports inside the structure 	– Crack injection – Soil injection	
Conditions of application	No special requirements	Substrate preparation (priming) required before membrane spraying. Dew point control on site mandatory.	
Advantages	High waterproofing security Easy detailing, seamless application, super f In-built redundancy setting time, fully bonded High durability High durability		
Typical application fields	Station boxes, metro tunnels, road tunnels, railway tunnels	Retaining walls, podiums, roof sections of sta- tion boxes	

RIGID SYSTEMS

FULLY BONDED SHEET MEMBRANES

WATERTIGHT CONCRETE





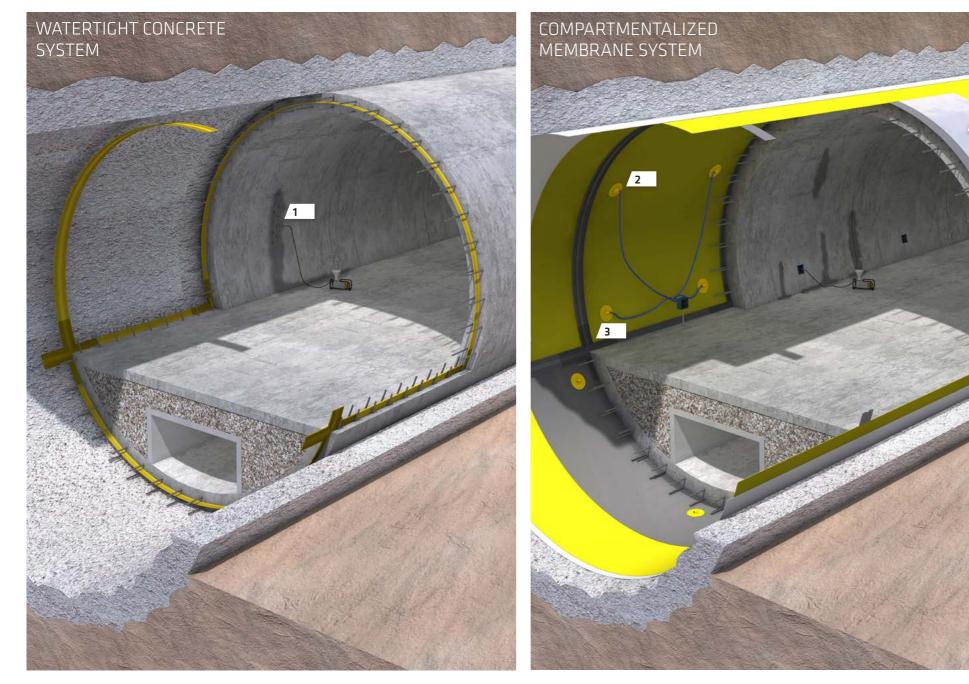
SikaProof® / SikaBit®	Sika® White Box	SikaTop [®] / SikaCem [®]	
Pre- and post-applied onto structural concrete	Integral waterproofing	Post-applied onto structural concrete	
Percolating water or hydrostatic groundwater	Percolating water or hydrostatic groundwater	Percolating water	
Pre-fabricated bituminous membrane sheets, torch-on or self-adhesive, applied in single or multiple layers. Or bituminous emulsions.	Sika White Box system: Watertight concrete plus joint sealing and structural design	Cementitous coating	
Dry to slightly moist	Moist	Moist to wet	
High	Limited, depending on concrete quality	Limited	
High (for polymeric based sheets) Medium (for bitumen based sheets)	Medium	Low	
Crack-bridging: ++ Water vapour tightness: ++ Chemical resistance: ++ Gas barrier: ++ - Crack injection - Joint injection	Crack-bridging: n.a. Water vapour tightness: n.a. Chemical resistance: + Gas barrier: n.a. - Crack injection - Joint injection	Crack-bridging: + Water vapour tightness: n.a. Chemical resistance: n.a. Gas barrier: n.a. - Crack injection - Joint injection	
Substrate preparation and primer required before membrane application	Controlled concreting on site required: casting, compaction, curing	No special requirements	
Fast and easy to apply	Cost effective, integrated waterproofing Limited waterproofing works at all joints	Very cost effective Simple and fast to apply No specialist applicator required	
Station boxes, escape tunnels, pedestrian ways, structures with limited requirements regarding water tightness and durability	Station boxes, metro tunnels, road tunnels, railway tunnels	Escape tunnels, pedestrian ways, structures with no or very limited requirements regarding water tightness	

WATERPROOFING MORTARS





REMEDIAL WORKS BY INJECTIONS



SIKA INJECTION SOLUTIONS FOR REPAIR AND **REFURBISHMENT WORKS**

In situations with water ingress due to localized damage of the waterproofing system, appropriate repair works have to be undertaken. This can only be done by injection to seal leaking areas, due to inadequate access to the waterproofing system itself in most underground structures. According to the type of leakage and if it is through joints or cracks in the structural concrete, the most suitable material has to be injected. The success factor for durable and tight injection work is a combination of Sika's materials and equipment selection, as well as application experience.

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Sealing and repairing of: Cracks

- All types of joints
- Sikaplan compartments

■ Leaking sections by areal or curtain injections

SIKA PRODUCTS AND SYSTEM SOLUTIONS

Packer Injection

Sika[®] Injection-101 RC

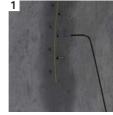
Sika[®] Injection-201 CE

Sika® Injection-307

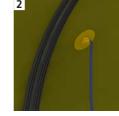
Compartment and Fuko® Injection

Sika® Injection-306

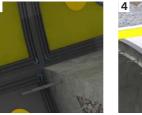
Sika® Injection-701



Sika[®] Injection-101 RC Sika® Injection-201 CE Sika[®] Injection-307



Sikaplan® WP/WT control sockets



Sika® Waterbar WP/ WT Inject

Sika® Injection-306 Sika® Injection-701

MAIN ADVANTAGES No excavation

- required Localized repair
- works
- Durable repair

TYPICAL PROJECTS

■ Suitable for all types of tunnels and underground structures

Flexible, solvent-free, fast foaming polyurethane (PUR) foam for temporary water-stopping of high water intrusions
through cracks, joints and cavities in concrete. Elastic, solvent-free PUR-Injection resin for permanent sealing of dry, damp or water-bearing cracks and joints in concrete.
Elastic, very low viscous polyacrylic injection resin with active passivation of steel reinforcement.

Elastic, very low viscosity polyacrylic injection resin for the repair of damaged waterproofing membrane compartments and injection of SikaFuko [®] injection hoses. It is also used for the permanent sealing of water-bearing cracks, voids and joints in the concrete.
Low viscosity cementitious/polyacrylic hybrid injection resin for the repair of damaged waterproofing membrane compart- ments and injection of SikaFuko® injection hoses. It is also used for the permanent sealing of water-bearing cracks, voids and joints in the concrete.

SIKA – THE GLOBAL LEADER IN STRUCTURAL WATERPROOFING

SIKA PROVIDES A WIDE RANGE of alternative waterproofing solutions for different requirements in new tunnel structures, or refurbishment of tunnels. With more than 100 years of experience in Structural Waterproofing, Sika is the reliable partner for all the parties involved on every project. Innovative Sika waterproofing solutions that include both, rigid and flexible systems, create added value for customers every day, and are the key driver for our global success and one of the key reasons why Sika is the clear number one in Structural Waterproofing. With a local presence all around the world, now in more than 90 countries, Sika is ideally positioned to support our customers everywhere, right from the initial project design and detailing, through to successful installation and completion on site.

DESIGN SUPPORT



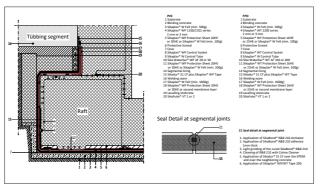
- Selection of appropriate concept and system solutions
- Concrete mix design and control
- Engineering details, custom solutions
- Cost/Performance

ON SITE SUPPORT



- Application training on site
- Troubleshooting
- Quality control procedures
- Concrete quality control

SPECIFICATION SUPPORT



Specifications, Method Statements, Bills of quantities
 Detail drawings (CAD + BIM)

MAINTENANCE SUPPORT



- Maintenance Manuals
- Refurbishment systems
- Repair and refurbishment documentations
- Site visits and refurbishment proposals



... AND NOW

125 years after the completion of the first railway tunnel through the alps, the new Gotthard Base Tunnel was constructed, at an altitude of only 550 m above sea level, allowing a flat connection from North to South, without ramps, reducing the travel time and increasing the transportation capacity. The construction of the 57 km long double-tube tunnel had started in the year 2000 and took 15 years. Sika, with an experience of 100+ years in tunnel waterproofing, provided the entire waterproofing system with synthetic sheet membranes Sikaplan[®] WP based on PVC-p and Sikaplan[®] WT based on FPO.

GLOBAL BUT LOCAL PARTNERSHIP



WHO WE ARE

Sika (Thailand) Limited was established in 1989 as a 100% foreign owned company, a subsidiary of Sika AG-a globally active specialty chemicals company. Sika supplies the building and construction industry as well as manufacturing industries (automotive, bus, truck, rail, solar and wind power plants, façades). Sika is a leader in processing materials used in sealing, bonding, damping, reinforcing and protecting loadbearing structures. Sika's productlines feature highquality concrete admixtures, specialty mortars, sealants and adhesives, damping and reinforcing materials, structural strengthening systems, industrial flooring as well as roofing and waterproofing systems.

Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the Data Sheet prior to any use and processing.



SIKA (THAILAND) LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE/FACTORY

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BUILDING TRUST